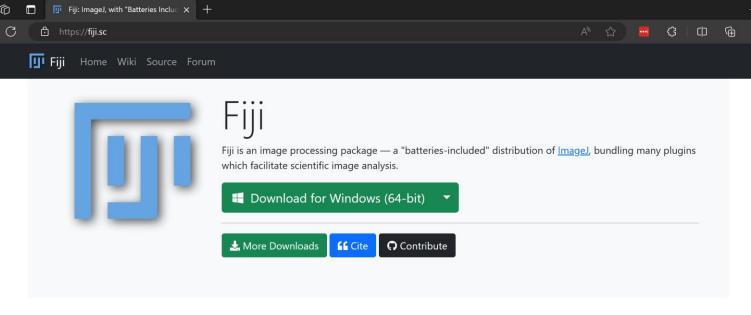
Introduction to ImageJ Macros

Justin Savage

Fiji Is Just ImageJ

• Available at <u>fiji.sc</u>



Why Fiji?



Easy to Use

Fiji is easy to use and install - in one-click, Fiji installs all of its plugins, features an automatic updater, and offers comprehensive documentation.



Powerful

Fiji bundles together many popular and useful ImageJ plugins for image analysis into one installation, and automatically manages their dependencies and updating.



Free & Open Source

Like ImageJ itself, Fiji is an <u>open source</u> project hosted on <u>GitHub</u>, developed and written by the community.

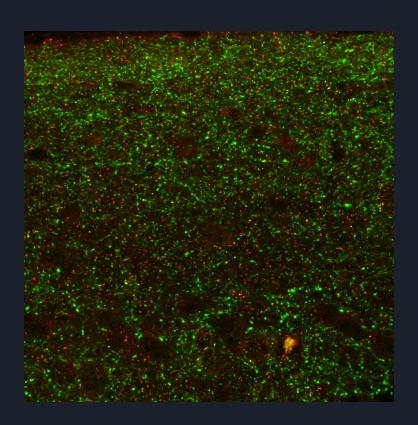
What can you do with ImageJ Macros?

- Count objects in an image
- Measure intensity values of for many cells
- Write relevant measurements to a table/CSV file
- Quantify the morphology of a cell
- Convert image files from one type to another
- And many more!

CS step one: Solving the problem on paper

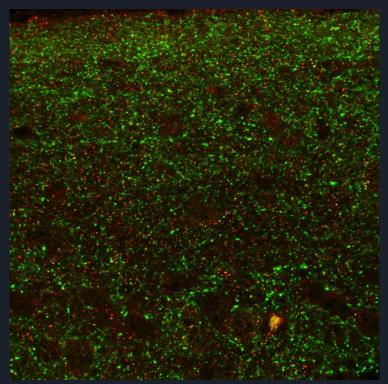
- Computers can't do something you don't know how to do
- Computers are for increasing scale and efficiency

Problem: counting PSD95 puncta

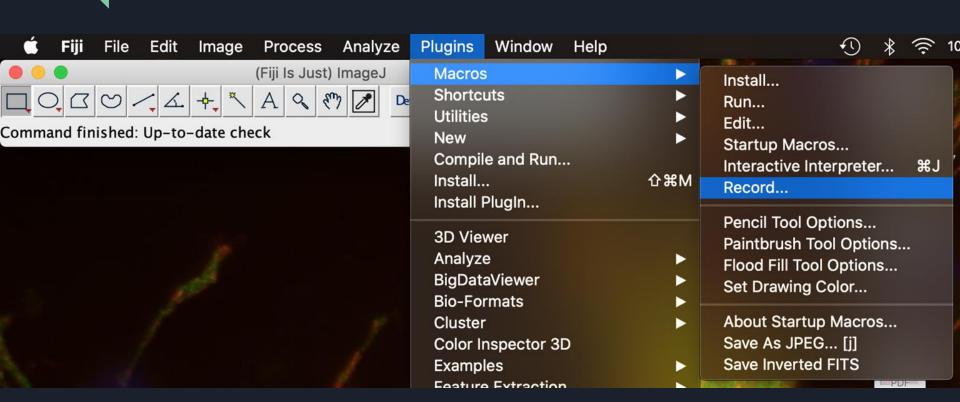


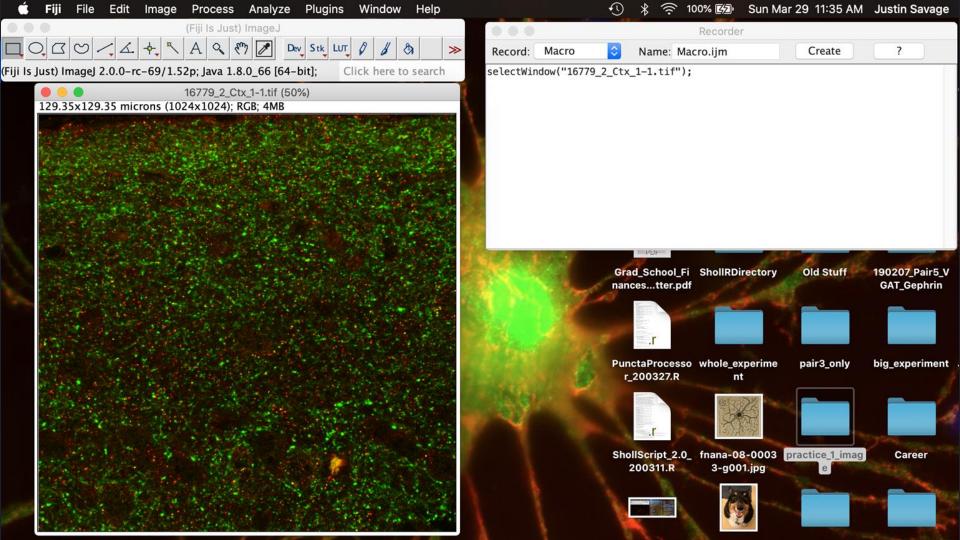
Puncta analysis on paper

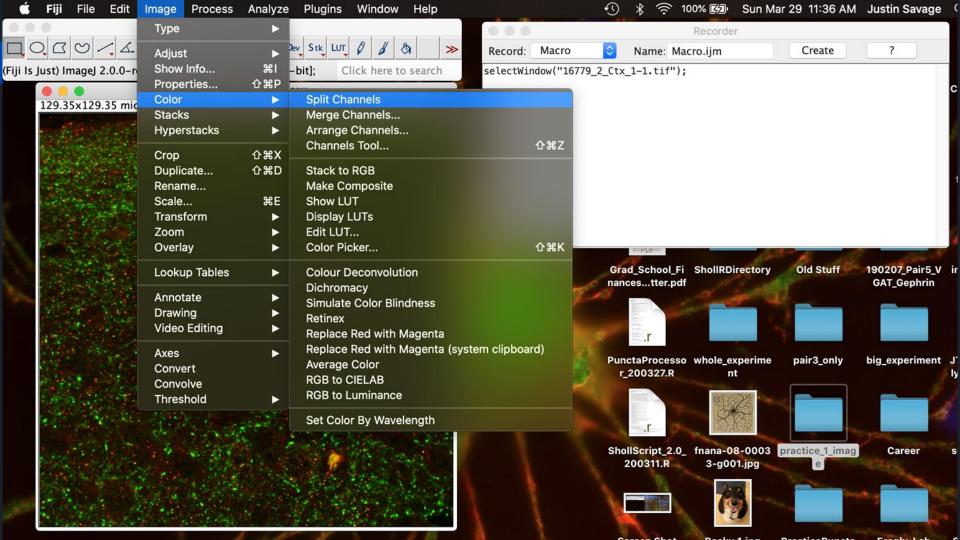
- 1) Split channels
- 2) Subtract background
- 3) Threshold image
- 4) Analyze particles
- 5) Save the results

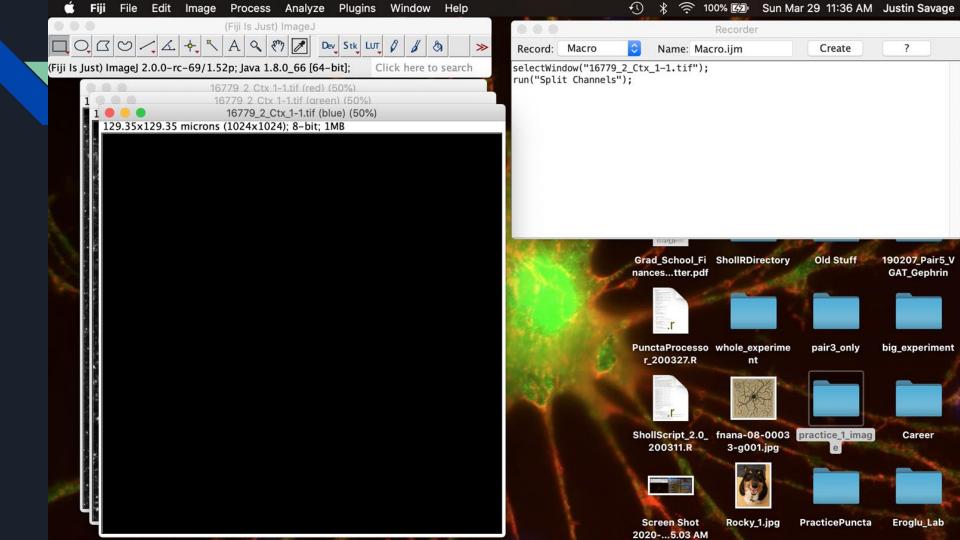


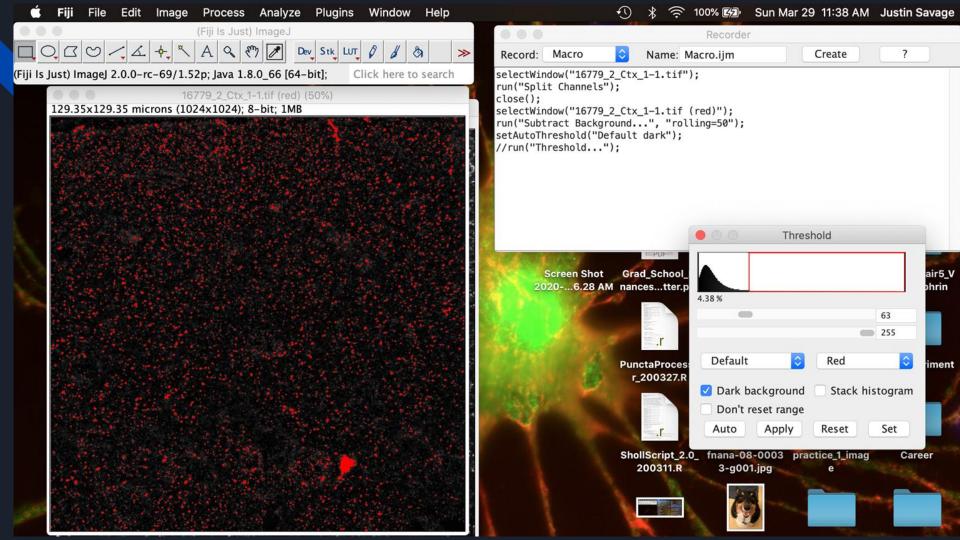
Macro recorder: a good place to start

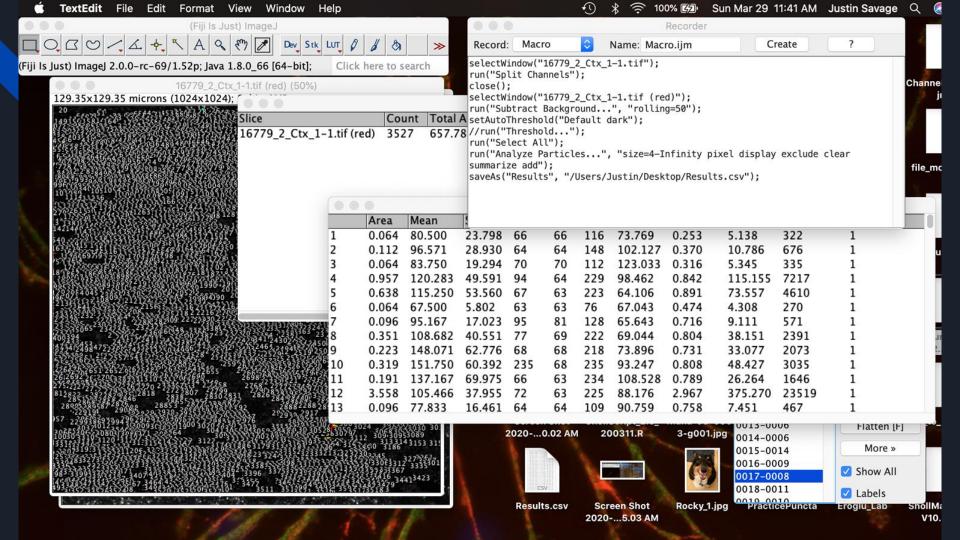




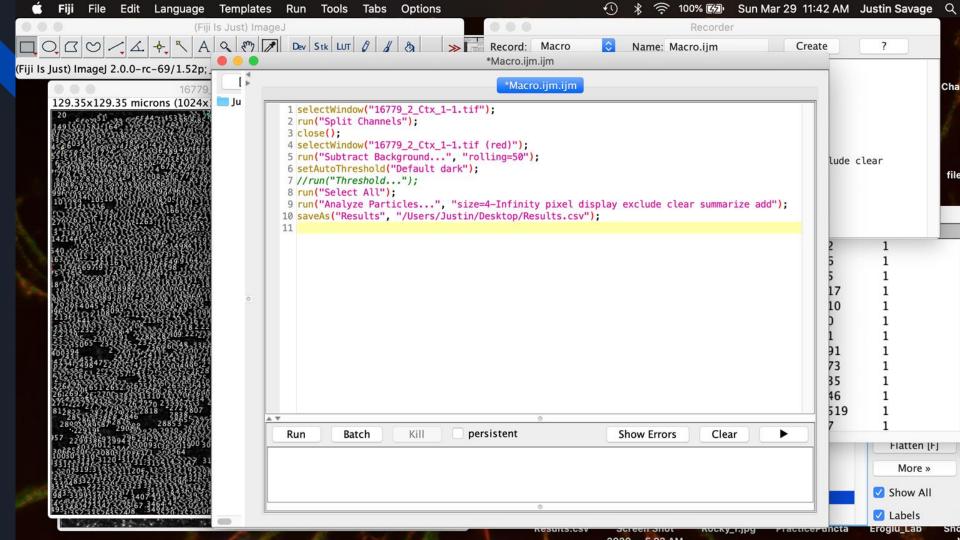


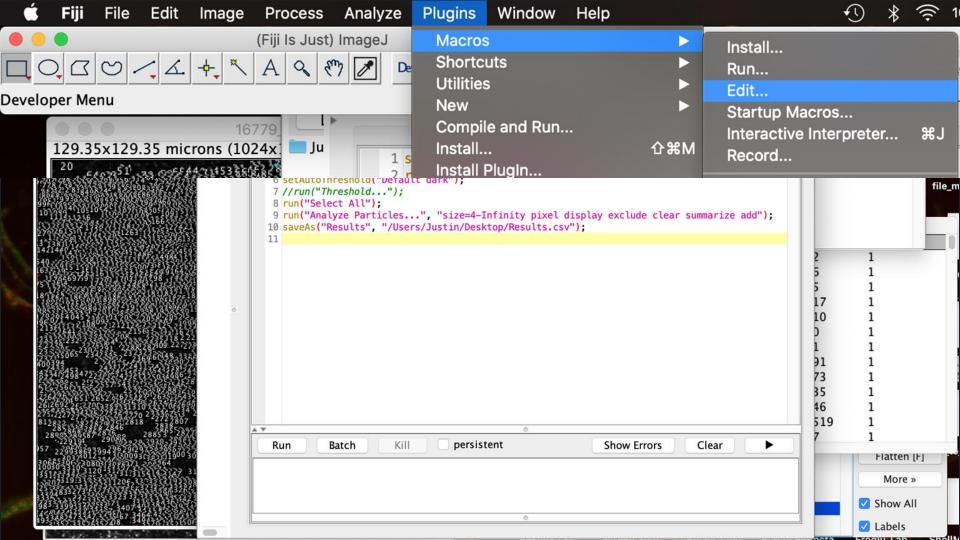






```
Recorder
                           Name: Macro.ijm
Record:
          Macro
                                                         Create
selectWindow("16779_2_Ctx_1-1.tif");
run("Split Channels");
close();
selectWindow("16779 2 Ctx 1-1.tif (red)");
run("Subtract Background...", "rolling=50");
setAutoThreshold("Default dark");
//run("Threshold...");
run("Select All");
run("Analyze Particles...", "size=4-Infinity pixel display exclude clear
summarize add");
saveAs("Results", "/Users/Justin/Desktop/Results.csv");
```





A macro for one image

```
1 selectWindow("16779_2_Ctx_1-1.tif");
2 run("Split Channels");
3 close();
4 selectWindow("16779_2_Ctx_1-1.tif (red)");
5 run("Subtract Background...", "rolling=50");
6 setAutoThreshold("Default dark");
7 //run("Threshold...");
7 run("Select All");
9 run("Select All");
10 saveAs("Results", "/Users/Justin/Desktop/Results.csv");
11
```

Solving the problem on paper

- Computers can't do something you don't know how to do
- Computers are for increasing scale and efficiency

//Comments are your friend

```
1 //selects the first merged image (already Z projected)
 2 selectWindow("16779 2 Ctx 1-1.tif");
 3 //splits channels
 4 run("Split Channels");
 5 //closes the blue channel
6 close():
7 //selects the red channel
8 selectWindow("16779_2_Ctx_1-1.tif");
9 //Subtracts the background
10 run("Subtract Background...", "rolling=50");
11 //Thresholds the image
12 setAutoThreshold("Default dark");
13 //run("Threshold...");
14 run("Select All");
15 //"Analyze Particles" counts the number of puncta
16 run("Analyze Particles...", "size=4—Infinity pixel display exclude clear summarize add");
17 //Saves the puncta
18 saveAs("Results", "/Users/Justin/Desktop/Results.csv");
```

Functions: our tools for computing

```
14 function analyzePuncta(path){
15
      //selects the first merged image (already Z projected)
16
      selectWindow("16779 2 Ctx 1-1.tif");
17
     //splits channels
18
     run("Split Channels");
19
     //closes the blue channel
20
     close():
21
     //selects the red channel
22
      selectWindow("16779 2 Ctx 1-1.tif");
23
      //Subtracts the background
24
      run("Subtract Background...", "rolling=50");
25
      //Thresholds the image
26
      setAutoThreshold("Default dark");
27
      //run("Threshold...");
28
      run("Select All");
29
      //"Analyze Particles" counts the number of puncta
30
      run("Analyze Particles...", "size=4-Infinity pixel display exclude clear summarize add");
31
      //Saves the puncta
32
      saveAs("Results", "/Users/Justin/Desktop/Results.csv");
33 }
```

```
6 function analyzePuncta(path){
      //Open the image to be used
      open(path);
 8
9
      //Gets the name of the image that's open
      currentTitle = getTitle();
10
11
      //selects the current merged image (already Z projected)
12
      selectWindow(currentTitle);
13
      //splits channels
      run("Split Channels");
14
15
      //closes the blue channel
16
      close(currentTitle + " (blue)");
17
      //selects the red channel
18
      selectWindow(currentTitle + " (red)");
19
      //Subtracts the background
      run("Subtract Background...", "rolling=50");
20
21
      //Thresholds the image
22
      setAutoThreshold("Default dark");
23
      run("Threshold...");
24
      //Gives the user time to threshold the image
25
      waitForUser("Check threshold");
26
      //"Analyze Particles" counts the number of puncta
27
      run("Analyze Particles...", "size=4-Infinity pixel display exclude clear summarize add");
28
      //Saves the puncta for the red channel
       saveAs("Results", path + "_redResults.csv");
29
30 }
```

Analyzing a whole folder

```
1 //Asks user for source directory (aka folder)
2 dirSource = getDirectory("Choose Source Directory ");
3 //makes a list of the files in that directory
4 listSource = getFileList(dirSource);
 6 //do the following for each file in the folder
 7 for(i = 0; i < listSource.length; i++){</pre>
      //on the "i"th time through the loop,
8
      //analyze the "i"th image in the folder
      currentFile = listSource[i];
10
      analyzePuncta(dirSource + currentfile);
11
```

listSource is an *array* of *strings*

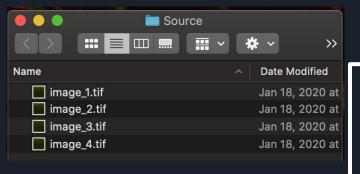
Array - a structured list of things in java

String - a series of characters stored together

"16779_2_Ctx_1-1.tif"

From a folder to an array

```
1 //Asks user for source directory (aka folder)
2 dirSource = getDirectory("Choose Source Directory ");
3 //makes a list of the files in that directory
4 listSource = getFileList(dirSource);
```



listSource

```
0 1 2 3
"image_1.tif" "image_2.tif" "image_3.tif" "image_4.tif"
```

Java counts from 0

listSource

```
0 1 2 3

"image_1.tif" "image_2.tif" "image_3.tif" "image_4.tif"
```

listSource[0] = "image_1.tif"

listSource.length = 4

Repeating actions with for loops

```
6 //do the following for each file in the folder
7 for(i = 0; i < listSource.length; i++){
8     //on the "i"th time through the loop,
9     //analyze the "i"th image in the folder
10     currentFile = listSource[i];
11     analyzePuncta(dirSource + currentfile);
12 }</pre>
```

Starting at i = 0, do the loop until i = 4 and increase i by 1 each time

"=" is an assignment

In java the "=" sign is used to give something a value

currentFile = listSource[0]

currentFile gets "image_1.tif"

String concatenation

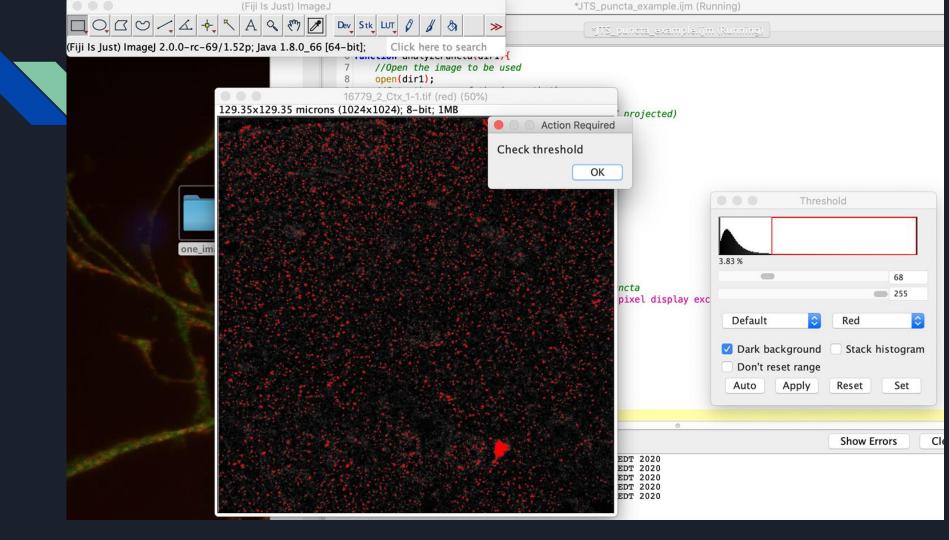
Strings can be combined in a process called concatenation

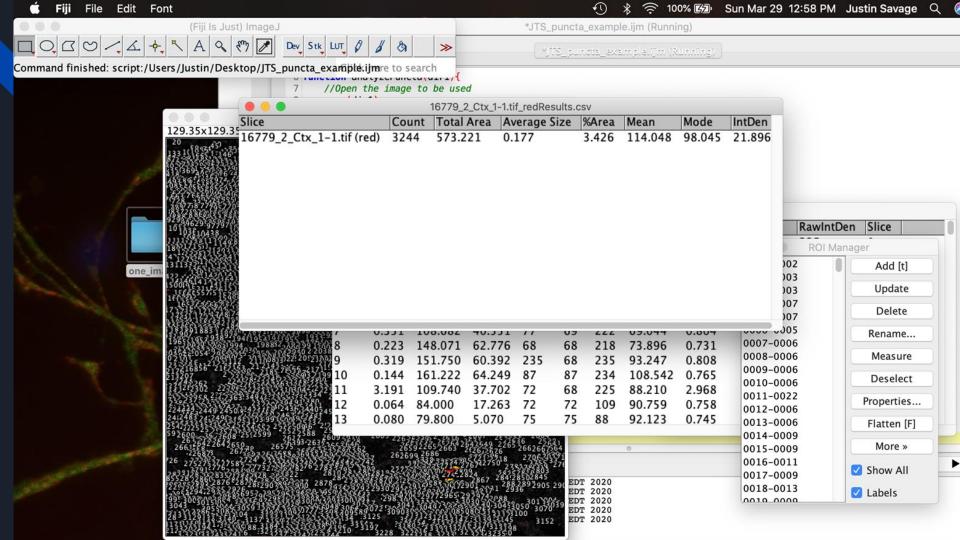
dirSource = "/Users/Justin/Desktop/Source/"

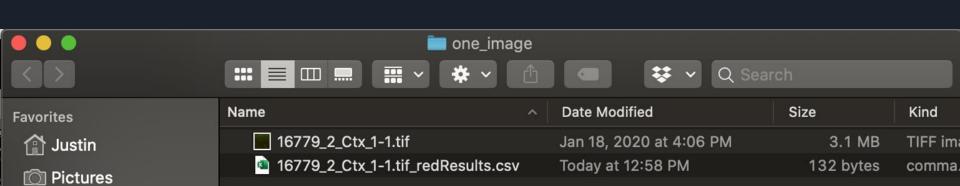
currentFile = "image_1.tif"

dirSource + currentFile = "/Users/Justin/Desktop/Source/image_1.tif"

```
6 function analyzePuncta(dir1){
      //Open the image to be used
      open(dir1);
      //Gets the name of the image that's open
      currentTitle = getTitle();
10
      //selects the current merged image (already Z projected)
11
12
      selectWindow(currentTitle);
13
      //splits channels
      run("Split Channels");
14
15
      //closes the blue channel
16
      close(currentTitle + " (blue)");
17
      //selects the red channel
      selectWindow(currentTitle + " (red)");
18
19
      //Subtracts the background
      run("Subtract Background...", "rolling=50");
20
      //Thresholds the image
21
22
      setAutoThreshold("Default dark");
      run("Threshold..."):
23
24
      //Gives the user time to threshold the image
25
      waitForUser("Check threshold");
      //"Analyze Particles" counts the number of puncta
26
      run("Analyze Particles...", "size=4-Infinity pixel display exclude clear summarize add");
27
28
      //Saves the puncta for the red channel
29
      saveAs("Results", dir1 + " redResults.csv");
30 }
31 //do the following for each file in the folder
32 for(i = 0; i < listSource.length; <math>i++){
33
      //on the "i"th time through the loop,
34
      //analyze the "i"th image in the folder
35
      currentFile = listSource[i];
36
      analyzePuncta(dirSource + currentFile);
37 }
```





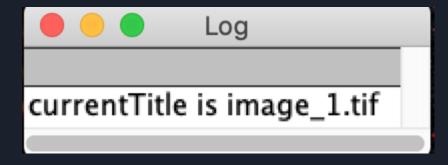


What's next?

- Do the same for the green channel
- Close windows when we're done with them
- Use puncta data to calculate colocalizations

What if something goes wrong?: Print

```
//Gets the name of the image that's open
currentTitle = getTitle();
print("currentTitle is " + currentTitle);
```



What if something goes wrong?: Error Message



A thresholded image or 8-bit binary image is required. Threshold levels can be set using the Image->Adjust->Threshold tool. in line 28

run ("Analyze Particles..." , "size=4-Infinity pixel display exclude clear summarize add" <)> ;

🗸 Show "Debug" Window

OK

What if something goes wrong?: Debug

Debug		
Name	*	Value
Memory	*	173MB of 6770MB (2%)
nlmages()	*	1
getTitle()	*	"image_1.tif (green)"
dirSource	*	"/Users/Justin/Desktop/Source/"
listSource	*	array[8]
i	*	0
currentFile	*	"image_1.tif"
dir1	*	"/Users/Justin/Desktop/Source/image_1.tif"
currentTitle	*	"image_1.tif"
Error:		A thresholded image or 8-bit binary image is
required. Threshold levels can be set using the Image->Adjust->Threshold tool. in line 28:		
		run ("Analyze Particles" , "size=4-Infinity pixel dis

Where to go for help

- ImageJ Website: https://imagej.net/Welcome
 - Has lots of info on every imagej function and how to download new ones
- ImageJ macro functions list:
 - https://imagej.nih.gov/ij/developer/macro/functions.html
 - Can help to find functions that didn't come up in the recorder
- Image.sc Forum https://forum.image.sc/
- The Digital Cell (Cold Spring Harbor Labs)
 https://www.cshlpress.com/default.tpl?cart=1585593740724245212&fromlink=T&linkaction=full &linksortby=oop_title&--eqSKUdatarq=1282
- Google: Someone else has probably ran into a similar issue
- Email me: justin.savage@duke.edu

Advanced application: ilastik thresholding

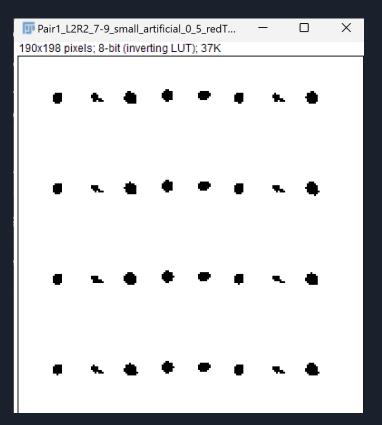
- The ilastik team has an ImageJ plugin
- It can be used as is or modified for easier saving of output images

```
run("Configure ilastik for Syn_Bot", "executablefile=["+ilastikDir+"] numthreads=-1 maxrammb=4096"
);

run("Run Pixel Classification Prediction for Syn_Bot", "projectfilename=["+ilpDir+
"] saveonly=false inputimage=["+title+"] pixelclassificationtype=Probabilities");
```

Advanced application: ilastik thresholding



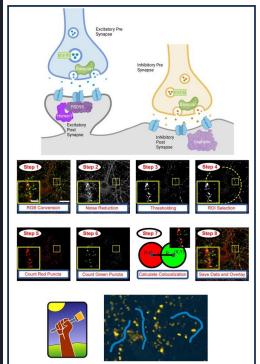


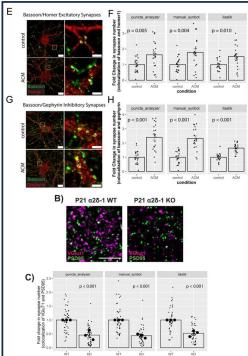
Advanced application: SynBot

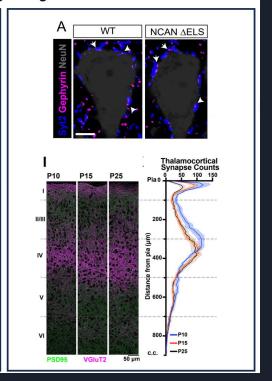


SynBot: An open-source image analysis software for automated quantification of synapses

Justin T. Savage, Juan Ramirez, W. Christopher Risher, Dolores Irala, Cagla Eroglu

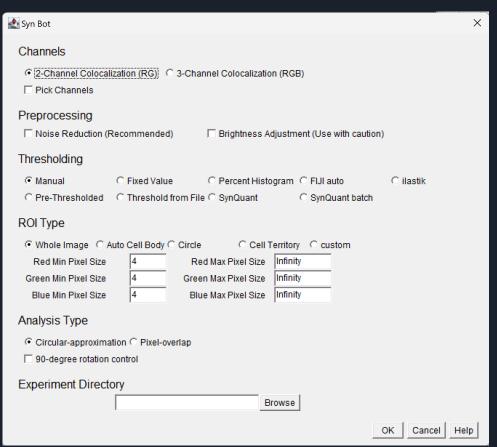




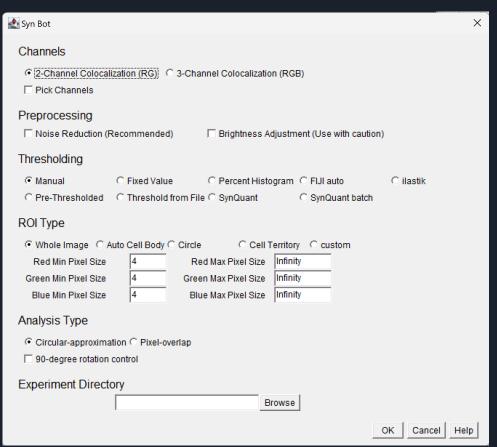


- waitForUser(string);
- Dialog box

- waitForUser(string);
- Dialog box



- waitForUser(string);
- Dialog box



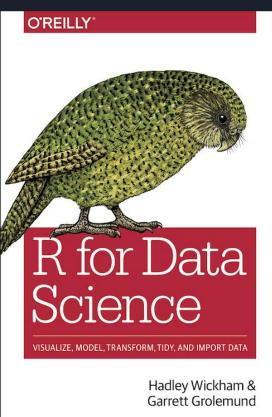
```
if (threshType == "Fixed Value"){
    Dialog.create("Fixed Threshold Value");
    Dialog.addNumber("Lower Red Threshold Value", 70);
    Dialog.addNumber("Lower Green Threshold Value", 70);
    Dialog.addNumber("Lower Blue Threshold Value", 70);
    Dialog.show();
    setRedT = Dialog.getNumber();
    setGreenT = Dialog.getNumber();
    setBlueT = Dialog.getNumber();
```

```
Fixed Threshold Value
if (threshType == "Fixed Value"){
    Dialog.create("Fixed Threshold Value"
    Dialog.addNumber("Lower Red Threshold
                                                                          70
                                             Lower Red Threshold Value
    Dialog.addNumber("Lower Green Threshol
    Dialog.addNumber("Lower Blue Threshold
                                                                          70
                                           Lower Green Threshold Value
    Dialog.show();
    setRedT = Dialog.getNumber();
                                                                          70
                                             Lower Blue Threshold Value
    setGreenT = Dialog.getNumber();
    setBlueT = Dialog.getNumber();
                                                                   OK
```

What to do with spreadsheet data after ImageJ

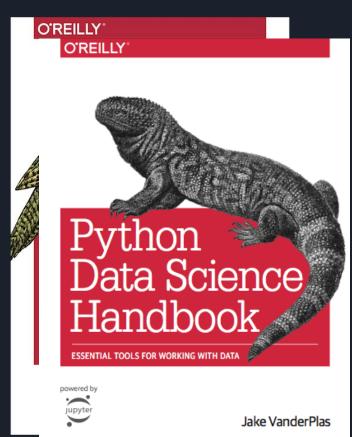
• Use R!!!!!

https://r4ds.had.co.nz/



What to do with spreadsheet data after ImageJ

- Use R!!!!!
- https://r4ds.had.co.nz/
- Maybe use Python with pandas
- https://github.com/jakevd p/PythonDataScienceHan dbook



Additional Resources

Biocoding Resources https://bit.ly/Biocoding



SynBot BioRxiv

